Grayson County Deana Patterson County Clerk Sherman, TX 75090

Instrument Number: 2023 - 24046

**ERecordings-RP** 

Recorded On: September 08, 2023 10:20 AM Number of Pages: 41

" Examined and Charged as Follows: "

Total Recording: \$172.00

## \*\*\*\*\*\*\* THIS PAGE IS PART OF THE INSTRUMENT \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

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File Information: Record and Return To:

Document Number: 24046 Simplifile

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## STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF GRAYSON

I hereby certify that this Instrument was FILED in the File Number sequence on the date/time printed hereon, and was duly RECORDED in the Official Records of Grayson County, Texas.

Deana Patterson County Clerk Grayson County, TX

#### NOTICE OF FILING - DEDICATORY INSTRUMENTS

## Capital Title GF# 23-758939-PC

## TINSLEY MEADOWS HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

DECLARANT: Cordalla Development, LLC, a Texas limited liability company

ASSOCIATION: Tinsley Meadows Homeowners Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation.

**DECLARATION:** Instrument entitled "Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for Tinsley Meadows", recorded as Document No. 2023-6959 in the Official Public Records of Grayson County, Texas.

The Community is subject to the Declaration and the Association is the homeowners association established by the terms of the Declaration, Declarant desires to record the attached dedicatory instruments in the real property records of Grayson County, Texas, pursuant to and in accordance with Section 202.006 of the Texas Property Code.

Executed by Declarant on Section 7 2023.

CORDALLA DEVELOPMENT, LLC

a Texas limited liability company

Ву:		
	TIMOTUY	R ELLER
Title:	MAURICI	<u> </u>
Date:	1-7-ada3	·

STATE OF TEXAS

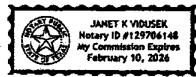
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COUNTY OF COllin

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The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me on this the Thomas of Septemou 2023, by Thomas Reference to the Work of Tinsley Meadows, LLC, a Texas limited liability company, on behalf of said company.



lotary Public. State of Texas

AFTER RECORDING RETURN TO:

William Scheihing 5501 LBJ Fwy., Suite 220 Dallas, Texas 75240

## LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Certificate of Formation

**Bylaws** 

Records Production and Copying Policy

Records Retention Policy

Fine and Enforcement Policy

**Assessment Collection Policy** 

Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy

Certificate of Formation

Follows this cover page

Form 202

Secretary of State P.O. Box 13697 Austin, TX 78711-3697 FAX: 512/463-5709

Filing Fee: \$25



## Certificate of Formation Nonprofit Corporation

Filed in the Office of the Secretary of State of Texas Filing #: 804897817 01/25/2023 Document #: 1216835000002 Image Generated Electronically for Web Filing

Article 1 - Corporate Name

The filing entity formed is a nonprofit corporation. The name of the entity is:

## Tinsley Meadows Homeowners Association, Inc.

Article 2 - Registered Agent and Registered Office

A. The initial registered agent is an organization (cannot be corporation named above) by the name of:

Cambridge Homes, LLC

TB. The initial registered agent is an individual resident of the state whose name is set forth below:

C. The business address of the registered agent and the registered office address is:

Street Address:

2600 Network Blvd.

Frisco TX 75034

Consent of Registered Agent

TA. A copy of the consent of registered agent is attached.

MB. The consent of the registered agent is maintained by the entity.

Article 3 - Management

A. Management of the affairs of the corporation is to be vested solely in the members of the corporation.

B. Management of the affairs of the corporation is to be vested in its board of directors. The number of directors, which must be a minimum of three, that constitutes the initial board of directors and the names and addresses of the persons who are to serve as directors until the first annual meeting or until their successors are elected and qualified are set forth below.

Director 1: John Eller

Address 2600 Network Blvd.

Frisco TX, USA 75034

Mullins Director 2: Chris

Address: 2600 Network Blvd.

Frisco TX, USA 75034

Director 3. Michael Neitzel Title: Director

Address: 2600 Network Blvd. Frisco TX, USA 75034

Article 4 - Organization Structure

A. The corporation will have members.

☑ B. The corporation will not have members.

Article 5 - Purpose

The corporation is organized for the following purpose or purposes:

The company is formed for the general purposes of exercising the rights and power to perform the duties and obligations of a Texas property owners association, in accordance with applicable law.

#### Supplemental Provisions / Information

[The attached addendum, if any, is incorporated herein by reference.]

#### Effectiveness of Filing

VA. This document becomes effective when the document is filed by the secretary of state.

#### OR

FB. This document becomes effective at a later date, which is not more than ninety (90) days from the date of its signing. The delayed effective date is:

#### **Initial Mailing Address**

Address to be used by the Comptroller of Public Accounts for purposes of sending tax information.

The initial mailing address of the filing entity is:

2600 Network Blvd.

Frisco, TX 75034

USA

#### Organizer

The name and address of the organizer are set forth below.

## W. Charles Scheihing III

5501 LBJ Freeway, Suite 220, Dallas, Texas 75240

#### Execution

The undersigned affirms that the person designated as registered agent has consented to the appointment. The undersigned signs this document subject to the penalties imposed by law for the submission of a materially false or fraudulent instrument and certifies under penalty of perjury that the undersigned is authorized under the provisions of law governing the entity to execute the filing instrument.

#### W. Charles Scheihing III

Signature of organizer.

FILING OFFICE COPY

Bylaws

Follows this cover page

# BYLAWS OF TINSLEY MEADOWS HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION INC

#### Article I

#### Name, Membership, and Definitions

- Section 1. <u>Name.</u> The name of the Association is TINSLEY MEADOWS HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION INC (hereinafter referred to as the "Association").
- Section 2. <u>Membership.</u> The Association shall have members as more fully set forth in that recorded instrument titled "Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for Tinsley Meadows" (said instrument, as amended and supplemented, hereinafter referred to as the "Declaration"), the terms of which pertaining to membership are specifically incorporated by reference herein.
- Section 3. <u>Definitions/Gender.</u> All other capitalized terms used in these Bylaws shall have the same meanings as that set forth in the Declaration, unless otherwise provided. Pronouns, wherever used in these Bylaws, shall include all persons regardless of gender.

#### Article II

## Association: Meetings, Onorum, Voting, Proxies

- Section 1. <u>Place of Meetings.</u> Meetings of the Association shall be held at the principal office of the Association or at such other suitable place as may be designated by the Board of Directors either in the community of the Tinsley Meadows or as convenient to the Members as possible and practical.
- Section 2. <u>Annual Meetings.</u> The annual meeting of the Association shall be held on a date and at a time designated each year by the Board of Directors.
- Section 3. Special Meetings. The President may call special meetings. In addition, it shall be the duty of the President to call a special meeting of the Association if so directed by resolution of a majority of a quorum of the Board of Directors or upon a petition signed by Members representing at least twenty (20%) percent of the total votes of the Association. The notice of any special meeting shall state the date, time, and place of such meeting and the purpose thereof. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice.
- Section 4. Notice of Meetings. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to send to the Owner of each Lot written notice of each annual or special meeting of the Association stating the purpose of the meeting, as well as the time and place where it is to be held. Such notice may be delivered personally, by mail, by facsimile, and to the extent expressly authorized by statute, by electronic message. If a Member desires that notice be given at an address other than the Lot, the Member shall provide the alternative address for the purpose of receiving notice in writing to the Secretary. Notice by facsimile must be sent to the facsimile number provided to the Association in writing by that Member. Notice shall be served not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before a meeting. If mailed, the notice of a meeting shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail, first class postage pre-paid, addressed to the Member. If faxed, the notice shall be deemed to be delivered as of the date and time shown on a written confirmation that the facsimile was successfully transmitted. If sent by electronic message, the notice shall be deemed to be delivered as provided by applicable statute. The Board of Directors may use any other means to deliver a notice of a meeting that may become available with advancements in technology, provided that notice by such means is authorized by statute.

- Section 5. Waiver of Notice, Waiver of notice of meeting of the Members shall be deemed the equivalent of proper notice. Any Member may, in writing, waive notice of any meeting of the Members, either before or after such meeting. Attendance at a meeting by a Member, whether in person or by proxy, shall be deemed waiver by such Member of notice of the time, date, and place thereof, unless such Member specifically objects to lack of proper notice at the time the meeting is called to order. Attendance at a special meeting shall also be deemed waiver of notice of all business transacted at such meeting unless objection to the calling or convening of the meeting is raised before the business (of which proper notice was not given) is put to a vote.
- Adjournment of Meetings. If any meeting of the Association cannot be held because a quorum is not present, either in person or by proxy, the presiding officer may adjourn the meeting and reconvene at a time not less than five (5) days and not more than thirty (30) days from the time the original meeting was called. If a time and place for reconvening the meeting is not fixed by those in attendance at such an adjourned meeting, or if for any reason a new date is fixed for reconvening the meeting after adjournment, notice of the time and place for reconvening the meeting shall be given to Members in the manner prescribed herein for a first called meeting. At such reconvened meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, any business which might have been transacted at the meeting originally called may be transacted without further notice provided that (a at least five percent (5%) of the total votes of the Members as of the date of the meeting is present in person and/or by proxy; and, (b) any action taken shall be approved by at least a majority of all of the Members present, in person and/or by proxy, at such reconvened meeting.
- Voting. The voting rights of the Members shall be as set forth in the Declaration; provided that, Section 7. all Members shall have the right to vote in the election of Directors and on any matter concerning the rights or responsibilities of Members. Members may vote in person, by proxy, by absentee ballot, or by electronic ballot.
- All proxies shall be in writing and filed with the Secretary before the appointed time Proxies. of each meeting. Every proxy shall be revocable and shall automatically cease upon (a) conveyance by the Member of the Member's interest in a Lot; (b) receipt of notice by the Secretary of the death or judicially declared incompetence of a Member; (c) receipt of written revocation; or, (d) expiration of eleven (11) months from the day of the proxy. In the event a Member executes more than one (1) proxy, the proxy with the most current date shall be valid. Proxies not delivered prior to the start of any meeting shall not be valid.
- Majority of Members. As used in these Bylaws, the term "majority of Members" shall mean those Section 9. votes, Members, or any other group, as the context may indicate, totaling more than fifty percent (50%) of the total number.
- Quorum. Except as otherwise provided in these Bylaws or in the Declaration, the presence in Section 10. person or by proxy of more than five percent (5%) of the total votes of the Members as of the time of the meeting shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the Association.
- Conduct of Meetings. The President shall preside over all meetings of the Association and the Secretary, or another person designated by the Secretary, shall keep the minutes of the meeting and record in a minute book all resolutions adopted at the meeting, as well as a record of all transactions occurring at the meeting.
- Action Without a Meeting. To the extent allowed by applicable law, any action which may be Section 12. taken or is required to be taken at a meeting of the Association may be taken without a meeting if written consent is signed by Members holding the number of votes necessary to approve the action at a meeting. The written consent must (a) set forth the action to be taken and (b) be executed by the required number of Members as of the effective date set forth in the written consent. Any written consent adopted in accordance with this section shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the Members.

#### Article III

## Board of Directors: Number, Powers, Meetings

- Governing Body: Composition. The affairs of the Association shall be governed by a Board of Section 1. Directors. Except as provided in Section 2 of this Article, each Director shall be a Member. With the exception of Declarant, not more than one (1) representative of a particular corporation or other entity that is a Member may serve on the Board at any given time. A Member is not eligible to serve on the Board of Directors if the Member has been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude and there is written, documented evidence of such a conviction from a database or other record maintained by a governmental law enforcement authority.
- Section 2. Directors During Development Period. Except as provided in Section 5 of this Article, the Directors shall be selected by the Declarant, acting in its sole discretion, and shall serve at the pleasure of the Declarant during the Development Period, as defined in the Declaration, unless the Declarant shall earlier surrender its right to select Directors. The Directors selected by the Declarant need not be Owners or residents in the Tinsley Meadows. Following the termination of the Development Period or the earlier surrender of Declarant's right to select Directors, all Directors must be Members of the Association.
- Section 3. Number of Directors. During the Development Period, the Association shall be governed by a Board of Directors consisting of three (3) persons. Upon the expiration of the Development Period, the Association shall continue to be governed by a Board of Directors consisting of three (3) persons unless, at the first meeting of the Members held after the expiration of the Development Period, a majority of the Members present at such meeting vote to increase the number of positions on the Board to five (5).
- Candidates for Election to the Board. All Members have the right to run for a position on the Board of Directors. Each year, prior to the date of the annual meeting of the Members, the Association shall send notice to all Members of the number of positions on the Board to be filled by election at the upcoming annual meeting and the right of all Members to run for a position on the Board. The notice shall specify a date by which a Member must submit his/her name as a candidate for election to the Board, together with biographical information. The Association must be notified by the Member who desires to run for a position on the Board, not another Member, to confirm the Member's desire to run for election and to serve on the Board. All Members who notify the Association by the stipulated deadline shall be candidates whose names and biographical information shall be included in the notice of annual meeting sent to all Members. A Member who does not submit his/her name by the deadline set forth in the Association's notice may thereafter notify the Association of his/her desire to run for election to the Board and, in that event, the Member shall be a candidate for election to the Board. However, the Association shall not be obligated to send a supplemental notice to all Members advising of the names and biographical information of any candidates who submit their names and biographical information after the deadline in the Association's notice. Provided that, if any notice is thereafter sent or published by the Association which includes a list of candidates for election to the Board, the list shall include the names of all candidates. Nominations for election to the Board shall not be made by a nominating or other committee of the Association. A Member may notify the Association of the Member's desire to run for election to the Board of Directors at any time prior to the date that voting in the election ceases.
- Election and Term of Office. Notwithstanding any other provision set forth herein, not later than Section 5. the tenth (10th) anniversary of the date the Declaration was recorded, one-third (1/3) of the Board must be elected by Members other than Declarant. The term of the person elected to the Board by Owners other than Declarant shall continue in effect until the first meeting of the Members held after the expiration of the Development Period. If, at the first meeting of the Members held after the expiration of the Development Period, the Members do not vote to increase the number of positions on the Board to five (5), one (1) Director shall be elected for a term of one (1) year and two (2) Directors shall be elected for a term of two (2) years each. If, at the First Meeting of the Members held after the expiration of the Development Period, the Members vote to increase the number of positions on the Board to five (5), two (2) Directors shall be elected for a term of one (1) year each and three (3) Directors shall be elected for a term of two (2) years each. At each annual meeting thereafter, the Members shall

elect the number of Directors necessary to fill the positions on the Board whose terms expire as of such annual meeting, each to serve a term of two (2) years. With respect to all positions on the Board of Directors to be filled by the vote of the Members other than Declarant, the candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected to fill such positions.

- Section 6. Removal of Directors. Any Director elected by the Members or appointed to serve on the Board (except a person appointed by Declarant) may be removed from the Board, with cause, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of votes of the Members present and voting at a special meeting called for that purpose or at an annual meeting at which a quorum is present. The provisions of Article II. Section 6, which reduce the quorum requirement for an adjourned meeting, shall not be applicable to an adjourned meeting originally called for the purpose of considering the removal of a Director. "Cause", as it relates to a basis for the removal of a Director, means a failure to comply with a material provision in the governing documents of the Association after notice and a demand for compliance from the Association; the determination of non-compliance with a material provision in the governing documents of the Association and the decision to send a notice and demand for compliance must be approved by not less than a majority of the remaining Directors. In the event of the removal of a Director, a successor for the removed Director shall be elected by a majority vote of the Members voting at the meeting at which the Director was removed. A Director whose removal is proposed shall be given at least ten (10) days written notice of the call of the meeting and the purpose of the meeting; the Director whose removal is proposed shall be given the opportunity to be heard at the meeting. Provided that, if the Board is presented with written documented evidence from a database or other record maintained by a governmental law enforcement authority that a Board member has been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude. the Board member is immediately ineligible to serve on the Board and shall, therefore, be immediately removed. Any Director may be removed by a vote of a majority of the remaining Directors as the result of the Director's failure, without just cause, to attend three (3) consecutive, regularly scheduled meetings of the Board of Directors. "Just cause" means any event that, in the reasonable, good faith judgment of the Board, prevents a Director from attending a meeting and includes, without limitation, death or serious injury to a member of the Director's family or other person with whom the Director has a long-term relationship, a mental or physical ailment or impairment that prevents the Director from attending a meeting, and any mandatory business engagement related to the Director's livelihood and/or employment. Vacancies on the Board caused by reasons other than removal by a vote the Members shall be filled by the remaining Directors. A Director elected or appointed to fill a vacancy on the Board shall serve the unexpired term of his predecessor.
- Section 7. <u>Voting Procedure for Directors</u>. The election of the Board of Directors shall be conducted at the annual meeting of the Association. At such election, the Members or their proxies may cast, with respect to each vacancy, as many votes as they are entitled to exercise under the provisions of the Declaration. Voting for Directors shall be by written ballot unless there is only one (!) candidate for a position on the Board, in which event the candidate may be elected by acclamation.
- Section 8. <u>Recount of Votes.</u> Any Member may request a recount of the votes of an election. A request for a recount must be submitted not later than the 15<sup>th</sup> day after the date of the meeting at which the election was held. A demand for a recount must be submitted in writing either:
- a. by certified mail, return receipt requested or by delivery by the U.S. Postal Service with signature confirmation service to the Association's mailing address as reflected on the last recorded management certificate;
- b. in person to the Association's managing agent as reflected on the last recorded management certificate or to the address to which absentee ballots and proxy ballots were mailed.

Upon the receipt of a timely request for a recount, the Association shall, at the expense of the Member requesting the recount, retain the services of a qualified person to perform the recount. The Association shall enter into a contract for the services of a person who is not a Member of the Association or related to a member of the

Board of Directors of the Association within the third degree by blood or marriage and is a:

- current or former county judge; í.
- ii. current or former county elections administrator:
- iii. current or former justice of the peace;
- iv. current or former county voter registrar, or
- person agreed on by the Association and the Member requesting the recount.

A recount must be performed on or before the 30th day after the date of receipt of the request and payment for the recount. If the recount changes the results of the election, the Association shall reimburse the Member for the cost of the recount. Any action taken by the Board in the period between the initial election vote tally and the completion of the recount is not affected by the recount.

- Section 9. Regular Meeting. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at such time, date, and place as shall be determined from time to time by a majority of the Directors, but at least two (2) such meetings shall be held during each fiscal year. Notice of each regular meeting shall be given to all Members as required by law. The Board of Directors may participate in and hold a regular or special meeting by means of:
- conference telephone or similar communication equipment by which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other; or
- another suitable electronic communications system, including video conferencing technology or the Internet, only if:
- each Director entitled to participate in the meeting consents to the meeting being held by means of that system; and
- the system provides access to the meeting in a manner or using a method by which each Director participating in the meeting can communicate concurrently with each other participant.

Participation in a meeting by conference telephone or similar communication or video conferencing technology or the Internet shall constitute presence in person at such meeting except where a Director participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Provided that, without prior notice to the Members, the Board may take action only on routine and administrative matters or a reasonably unforeseen emergency or urgent necessity that required immediate Board action. Any action taken without notice to the Members must be summarized orally, including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved at the meeting, and documented in the minutes of the next regular or special Board meeting. Provided further that, the Board may not take action without prior notice to the Members on any matter prohibited by law to be taken without prior notice to the Members.

Special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held when called by the Section 10. Special Meeting. President of the Association or by any two (2) Directors. The notice shall specify the date, time, and place of the meeting and the nature of any special business to be considered. The notice shall be given to each Director by anyone of the following methods: (a) by personal delivery; (b) written notice by first class mail, postage prepaid; (c) by facsimile, or (d) if authorized by statute, by email. All such notices shall be given or sent to the Director's address, email, or facsimile number as shown on the records of the Association. Notices sent by first class mail shall be deposited into a United States mailbox, at least four (4) days before the time set for the meeting. Notices given by personal delivery, email, or facsimile shall be delivered or given at least four (4) days before the time set for the meeting. The provisions in Article III, Section II, relating to notice to the Members shall be applicable to a special meeting of the Board of Directors.

Section 11. Notice of Board Meetings. The Board of Directors shall give Members notice of Board meetings (regular and special), including the date, hour, place, and general subject of the Board meeting, including a general description of any matter to be brought up for deliberation in closed executive session. A notice of meeting shall be:

- a. mailed to all Members at least ten (10) days before the date of the meeting; or;
- b. provided at least 72 hours before meeting by:
- i. being posted notice in a conspicuous location, either in a Common Area or on the Association's website; and
  - ii. being emailed to all Members who have registered their email addresses with the Association.

It is a Member's duty to register and keep an updated email address with the Association.

- Section 12. <u>Waiver of Notice.</u> The transactions of any meeting of the Board of Directors, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though taken at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if (a) a quorum is present, and (b) either before or after the meeting, each of the Directors not present signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting, or an approval of the minutes. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose of the meeting. Notice of a meeting shall also be deemed given to any Director who attends the meeting without protesting before or at its commencement about the lack of adequate notice thereof.
- Section 13. Quorum of Board of Directors. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of the Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the vote of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall constitute the decision of the Board of Directors. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue and business may be transacted, notwithstanding the withdrawal of Directors during the meeting, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting. If any meeting of the Board cannot be held because a quorum is not present, either in person or by proxy, the President may adjourn the meeting and reconvene at a time not less than five (5) days and not more than thirty (30) days from the time the original meeting was called. If a time and place for reconvening the meeting is not fixed by those in attendance at the original meeting or if for any reason a new date is fixed for reconvening the meeting after adjournment, notice of the time and place for reconvening the meeting shall be given to the Directors in the manner prescribed for the original meeting. At such reconvened meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, any business which might have been transacted at the meeting originally called may be transacted without further notice, provided that any action taken shall be approved, in writing, by at least a majority of the Directors required to constitute a quorum at the original meeting.
- Section 14. <u>Compensation.</u> No Director shall receive any compensation from the Association for acting in such capacity. However, Directors may be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred on Association business. Directors may receive compensation from the Association when taking action at the request of the Association other than in the capacity of Director.
- Section 15. <u>Conduct of Meetings.</u> A chairperson shall preside over all meetings of the Board of Directors and the Secretary shall keep a minute book of the Board of Directors, recording therein all resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors and a record of all transactions and proceedings occurring at such meetings.
- Section 16. Open Meetings. All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be open to all Members, but Members other than Directors may not participate in any discussion or deliberation unless expressly so authorized

by a majority of a quorum of the Board of Directors. Provided that, if a Member unreasonably disrupts a meeting of the Board of Directors or repeatedly interrupts the discussion between Directors, the Board of Directors shall have the authority, after an initial warning, to cause that Member to be removed from the meeting.

- Section 17. <u>Executive Session.</u> The Board of Directors may adjourn a regular or special meeting and reconvene in a closed executive session to consider actions involving personnel, pending or threatened litigation, contract negotiations, enforcement actions, confidential communications with the Association's attorney, matters involving the invasion of privacy of individual Members, and matters that are to remain confidential by request of the affected parties and agreement of the Board. Following an executive session, any decision made in executive session shall be summarized orally and placed in the minutes, in general terms, without breaching the privacy of individual Members, violating any privilege, or disclosing any information that was to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties. The oral summary must include a general explanation of expenditures approved in executive session.
- Section 18. Action Without a Formal Meeting. Any routine or administrative matter or matter involving a reasonably unforeseen emergency may be taken without a meeting if a written consent, stating the action to be taken, is signed by the number of Directors necessary to take that action at a meeting at which all of the Directors are present and voting. The consent must state the date of each Director's signature. Any such action must be summarized orally including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved, and documented in the minutes of the next regular or special Board meeting.
- Section 19. <u>Powers.</u> The Board of Directors shall be responsible for the affairs of the Association and shall have all of the powers and duties necessary for the administration of the Association's affairs and, as provided by law, may do all acts and things as are not by the Declaration, Certificate of Formation of the Association, or these Bylaws directed to be done and exercised exclusively by the Members.

The President shall have the authority to act on behalf of the Board of Directors on all matters relating to the duties of any managing agent or manager, if any, which might arise between meetings of the Board of Directors.

In addition to the duties imposed by these Bylaws or by any resolution of the Association that may hereafter be adopted, the Board of Directors shall have the power to, and shall be responsible for, the following (by way of explanation, but not limitation):

- (a) Preparing and adopting an annual budget, in which there shall be established the contribution of each Member to the common expenses;
- (b) Levying assessments to defray the common expenses, establishing the means and methods of collecting such assessments, and establishing the period of the installment payments, if any, of the annual assessment. Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, the annual assessment shall be collected annually in advance.
  - (c) Providing for the operation, care, upkeep, and maintenance of all of the Common Areas.
- (d) Designating, hiring, and dismissing the personnel necessary for the maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the Association, its property, and the Common Areas and, where appropriate, providing for the compensation of such personnel and for the purchase of equipment, supplies, and material to be used by such personnel in the performance of their duties.
- (e) Collecting the assessments, depositing the proceeds thereof in a bank depository, which it shall approve, and using the proceeds to administer the Association.
  - (f) Making and amending rules and regulations for the Association.

- (g) Opening bank accounts on behalf of the Association and designating the signatories required.
- Making, or contracting for the making of, repairs, additions, and improvements to, or alterations (h) of the Common Area in accordance with the other provisions of the Declaration and these Bylaws, after damage or destruction by fire or other casualty.
- Enforcing, by legal means, the provisions of the Declaration, these Bylaws, and the rules and regulations adopted by it, and bringing any proceedings, which may be instituted on behalf of or against the Members concerning the Association.
- Obtaining and carrying insurance against casualties and liabilities, including directors' and officers' liability insurance, as provided in the Declaration, and paying the premium cost thereof.
- Paying the cost of all services rendered to the Association or its Members and not directly chargeable to Members.
- Keeping books with detailed accounts of the receipts and expenditures affecting the Association and its administration, specifying the maintenance and repair expenses and any other expenses incurred. All books and records shall be kept in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, and shall be available as required by Texas law.
- Providing, upon request, information to Members, mortgagees and prospective purchasers of Lots concerning, by way of example and not in limitation, the status of the Association, the status of payment of assessments and related charges on a Lot and the status of compliance with the provisions of the Declaration, and charging a reasonable fee sufficient to cover the expense associated with providing such information.
- Charging a reasonable fee sufficient to cover the expense associated with changing the records of the Association upon the transfer of title to a Lot.
- Adopting policies and procedures deemed necessary and appropriate for the administration of the Association and the conduct of the Directors and officers of the Association, the employees of the Association, if any, and persons serving on behalf of the Association in volunteer capacities.

#### Section 20. Management Agent.

- The Board of Directors may employ for the Association a professional management agent or agents, or manager, at a compensation rate established by the Board of Directors, to perform such duties and services, as the Board of Directors shall authorize. The Declarant, or an affiliate of the Declarant, may be employed as managing agent or manager.
- If a managing agent or manager is hired, the following management standards of performance will be followed, unless the Board, by resolution, determines otherwise:
- Two (2) or more persons shall be responsible for handling cash, or its equivalent, in order (i) to maintain adequate financial control procedures;
  - Cash accounts of the Association shall not be commingled with any other accounts; (ii)
- No remuneration shall be accepted by the manager or managing agent from vendors, independent contractors, or others providing goods or services to the Association, whether in the form of commissions, finder's fees, service fees, prizes, gifts, or otherwise;

- (iv) Any financial or other interest which the managing agent or manager may have in any firm providing foods or services to the Association shall be disclosed promptly to the Board of Directors; and
- A quarterly or more frequent financial report, as may be determined by the Board, shall be prepared for the Association containing:
- (I)an income statement reflecting all income and expense activity for the preceding three (3) months;
- **(2)** an account activity statement reflecting all receipt and disbursement activity for the preceding three (3) months;
- a budget comparison report reflecting the status of all income and expense (3) accounts in an "actual" versus "projected" budget format:
- a balance sheet reflecting account balances as of the end of the previous three (3) months (this balance sheet shall include an aged receivables report or other report deemed appropriate by the Treasurer);
- (5) a balance sheet as of the last day of the Association's fiscal year and an operating statement for said fiscal year which shall be distributed within ninety (90) days after the close of any fiscal year to the Board;
- a budget report reflecting any actual or pending obligations which are in excess (6) of budgeted amounts by an amount exceeding the operating reserves of ten percent (10%) of a major budget category (as distinct from a specific line item in an expanded chart of accounts); and
- a delinquency report listing all Members who have been delinquent during the (7)preceding three (3) month period in paying the assessments and who remain delinquent at the time of report, and describing the status of any action to collect such assessments which remain delinquent.

#### Article IV

#### Officers

- Section 1. Officers. The officers of the Association shall be the President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer. The Board of Directors may select, appoint and/or remove such other officers, as it shall deem appropriate, such officers to have the authority and to perform the duties prescribed from time to time by the Board of Directors.
- Election Term of Office and Vacancies. The officers of the Association shall be elected annually Section 2. from within and by the Board of Directors at the first meeting of the Board of Directors held after the annual meeting of the Members. A vacancy in any office arising because of death, resignation, removal, or otherwise may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.
- Removal. Any officer may be removed by a majority vote of the Board of Directors, at a duly called meeting of the Board, at which a quorum is present, whenever in its judgment the best interests of the Association will be served thereby.
- Section 4. Powers and Duties. The officers of the Association shall each have such powers and duties as

Bylaws- Tinsley Meadows Homeowners Association, Inc. -

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generally pertain to their respective offices, as well as such powers and duties as may from time to time be specifically conferred or imposed by the Board of Directors. The Chief Executive Officer of the Association shall be the President. The Treasurer shall have primary responsibility for the preparation of the budget, as provided for in the Declaration, and, with the approval of the Board of Directors, may delegate all or part of the preparation and notification duties to a finance committee, or a management agent.

- Section 5. <u>Resignation.</u> Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Directors, the President, or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect on the date of the receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein, and unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.
- Section 6. <u>Agreements, Contracts, Deeds, Leases, Etc.</u> All agreements, contracts, deeds, leases, and other instruments of the Association shall be executed by at least one (1) officer or by such other person or persons as may be designated by resolution of the Board of Directors.
- Section 7. Checks. All checks shall be signed by at least two (2) officers or Directors or by such other person or persons as to be designated by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may authorize that checks for less than \$1,000.00 may only require the signature of one (1) officer or director.
- Section 8. <u>Compensation.</u> No officer shall receive any compensation from the Association for acting in such capacity.

## Article V Committees

Committees are hereby authorized to perform such tasks and to serve for such periods as may be designated by a resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Such committees shall perform such duties and have such powers as may be provided in the resolution creating same. Each committee shall be composed and shall operate in accordance with the terms of the resolution of the Board of Directors designating the committee or with rules adopted by the Board of Directors.

#### Article VI

## Miscellaneous

- Section 1. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Association shall be set by resolution of the Board of Directors.
- Section 2. <u>Parliamentary Rules.</u> Robert's Rules of Order (current edition) shall govern the conduct of Association proceedings when not in conflict with Texas law, the Certificate of Formation, the Declaration, or these Bylaws.
- Section 3. <u>Conflicts.</u> If there are conflicts or inconsistencies among the provisions of Texas law, the Declaration, the Certificate of Formation, these Bylaws, and/or any rules and regulations of the Association, the provisions of Texas law, the Declaration, the Certificate of Formation, the Bylaws, and the rules and regulations of the Association (in that order) shall prevail.
- Section 4. <u>Books and Records.</u> Books and records of the Association shall be retained by the Association in accordance with the Association's Document Retention Policy. Each Member or Member's designated representative shall have a right to either inspect the requested books and records before obtaining copies or to have the Association forward copies of the requested books and records in accordance with the Association's recorded Records Production and Copying Policy. Provided that, this provision shall not require the Association to release or allow inspection of books and records that are not required by law to be released or inspected, as set

forth in the Association's recorded Records Production and Copying Policy. Every Director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all books, records, and documents of the Association. The right of inspection by a Director includes the right to make extra copies of documents at the reasonable expense of the Association; provided that, the Association shall not be obligated to bear the expense of providing more than one (1) copy of any document to a Director.

Section 5. Audit. Following the expiration of the Development Period, an audit of the accounts of the Association may be performed in any given year as deemed necessary or appropriate by the Board. Each such audit shall be in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards to obtain reasonable assurance that the Association's financial statements are free of material misstatements, to assess accounting principles used, and to evaluate the overall financial statement presentation.

Section 6. <u>Indemnification</u>. The Association shall indemnify every Director and Officer of the Association and members of any committee established by the Board of Directors against, and reimburse and advance to every Director, Officer and committee member for, all liabilities, costs and expenses' incurred in connection with such directorship or office and any actions taken or omitted in such capacity to the greatest extent permitted under the of the Texas Business Organizations Code and all other applicable laws at the time of such indemnification, reimbursement or advance payment; provided, however, no Director, Officer or committee member shall be indemnified for: (a) a breach of duty of loyalty to the Association or its Members; (b) an act or omission not in good faith or that involves intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law; (c) a transaction from which such Director, Officer or committee member received an improper benefit, whether or not the benefit resulted from an action taken within the scope of directorship or office; or (d) an act or omission for which the liability of such Director, Officer or committee member is expressly provided for by statute.

Section 7. <u>Amendment.</u> During the Development Period and subject to any applicable provisions in the Declaration, the Declarant may amend these Bylaws without approval of the Board or any Members. These Bylaws may also be amended by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Members present, in person or by proxy, and voting at a meeting duly called for that purpose at which a quorum is present. Notwithstanding the foregoing, these Bylaws may be amended by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board of Directors duly called for that purpose if the amendment does not adversely affect any substantive rights of the Members. Provided further that, so long as Development Period exists, no amendment to the Bylaws approved by the Board or the Members shall become effective until approved and acknowledged in writing by Declarant.

**Records Production and Copying Policy** 

Follows this cover page

#### POLICY:

It is the policy of the Association to make the books and records of the Association, including financial records, open to and reasonably available for examination by an Owner, or a person designated in a writing signed by the Owner as the Owner's agent, attorney, or certified public accountant (the "Owner's Representative") in accordance with the following provisions:

- I. Request. An Owner or the Owner's Representative must submit a written request for access or information. The written request must:
  - a. be sent by certified mail to the mailing address of the Association or to the authorized representative of the Association as reflected on the most current Management Certificate of the Association filed of record in accordance with Section 209.004 of the Texas Property Code:
  - describe with sufficient detail the books and records of the Association that are requested;
     and
  - c. state whether the Owner or the Owner's Representative elects to inspect the requested books and records before obtaining copies or have the Association forward copies of the requested books and records.
- 2. Election to Inspect. If an inspection is requested, the Association shall send written notice to the Owner or the Owner's Representative of dates during normal business hours that the Owner or the Owner's Representative may inspect the requested books and records. Such written notice shall be sent on or before the tenth (10th) business day after the date the Association receives the request, unless the Association sends a notice to the Owner or Owner's Representative in accordance with Section 4 below.
- 3. Election to Obtain Copies. If copies of the identified books and records are requested, the Association shall produce copies of the requested books and records on or before the tenth (10th) business day after the date the Association receives the request, unless the Association sends a notice to the Owner or Owner's Representative in accordance with Section 4.
- 4. <u>Inability to Produce Records Within 10 Days.</u> If the Association is unable to produce requested books and records on or before the tenth (10<sup>th</sup>) business day after the date the Association receives the request, the Association shall provide written notice to the Owner or the Owner's Representative that:
  - a. informs the Owner or the Owner's Representative that the Association is unable to produce the requested books and records on or before the tenth (10th) business day after the date the Association received the request; and
  - states a date by which the requested books and records will be sent or made available for inspection, which date shall not be later than the fifteenth (15th) business day after the date such notice is given.
- 5. Extent of Books and Records. The Association shall produce books and records requested by an Owner or an Owner's Representative to the extent those books and records are in the possession, custody or control of the Association.

- 6. <u>Time of Inspection: Copies.</u> If an inspection of books and records is requested or required, the inspection shall take place at a mutually agreed upon time during normal business hours. At the inspection, the Owner or the Owner's Representative shall identify the books and records to be copied and forwarded. The Association shall thereafter make copies of such books and records at the cost of the Owner and forward them to the Owner or the Owner's Representative.
- 7. Format. The Association may produce books and records requested by an Owner or an Owner's Representative in hard copy, electronic or other format reasonably available to the Association.
- 8. <u>Costs.</u> The Association may charge an Owner for the compilation, production or reproduction of books and records requested by the Owner or the Owner's Representative, which costs may include all reasonable costs of materials, labor, and overhead. Costs will be billed at the rates established by Section 70.3 of the Texas Administrative Code, as same may be amended from time-to-time. As of the date of this Policy, the rates set forth below are established by Section 70.3 of the Texas Administrative Code. Should the rates set forth in Section 70.3 of the Texas Administrative Code ever be different than in this policy (either through amendment or error by this policy) the then current rates set forth in Section 70.3 of the Texas Administrative Code shall control.

Labor for locating, compiling and reproducing records*	\$15.00 per hou
Copies (8½ x 11 and 8½ x 14)	\$0.10 per page
Oversize paper copies (11 x 17, greenbar and bluebar)	\$0.50 per page
Specialty papers (blue print and maps)	actual cost
Diskette	\$1.00
Magnetic tape or data or tape cartridge	actual cost
CD	\$1.00
DVD	\$3.00
VHS video cassette	\$2.50

Audio cassette

\$1.00

Other

At the rate provided for in Section 70.3 of the Texas Administrative Code

- \* No labor will be charged if there are 50 or fewer pages unless the documents are in 2 or more separate buildings not physically connected to each other or in a remote storage facility.
- 9. Advance Payment of Estimated Costs. The Association shall estimate the costs of compiling, producing and reproducing books and records requested by an Owner or an Owner's Representative on the basis of the rates set forth in Section 8 above. The Association may require advance payment of the estimated costs of compiling, producing and reproducing the requested books and records.

#### 10. Actual Costs.

- 10.1. If the actual costs of compiling, producing and reproducing requested books and records are less than or greater than the estimated costs, the Association shall submit a final invoice to the Owner on or before the thirtieth (30th) business day after the date the requested books and records are delivered.
- 10.2. If the final invoice includes additional amounts due from the Owner, the Owner shall be required to pay the additional amount to the Association before the thirtieth (30th) business day after the date the invoice is sent to the Owner.
- 10.3. If the final invoice indicates that the actual costs are less than the estimated costs, the Association shall refund the excess amount paid by the Owner not later than the thirtieth (30<sup>th</sup>) business day after the date the invoice is sent to the Owner.
- 10.4. If the Owner fails to pay to the Association the additional amounts shown in the final invoice in accordance with Subsection 10.1 above, the Association may add the additional amount to the Owner's assessment account as an assessment.

#### 11. Books and Records Not Required to be Produced.

- 11.1. Unless an Owner whose records are the subject of a request provides express written approval to the Association or unless a court order is issued directing either the release of books and records or that books and records be made available for inspection, the Association is not required to release or allow inspection of books and records that:
  - a. identify the history of violations of dedicatory instruments of an individual Owner;
  - b. disclose an Owner's personal financial information, including records of payment or nonpayment of amounts due the Association;
  - c. disclose an Owner's contact information, other than the Owner's

address; or

- d. disclose information related to an employee of the Association, including personnel files.
- 11.2. The Association is not required to release or allow inspection of ballots cast in an election or removal of Directors, except as required by a recount procedure in accordance with Section 209.0057 of the Texas Property Code.
- 11.3. In addition, information may be released in an aggregate or summary manner that will not identify an individual property Owner.
- 12. <u>Business Dav.</u> As used in this policy, "business day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or state or federal holiday.

Records Retention Policy

Follows this cover page

## RECORDS RETENTION POLICY

It is the policy of the Association to retain the records of the Association listed below for the periods of time set forth below. The Association is not required to retain any other records. As used herein, "records" means documents originated or obtained by the Association in connection with its operations, whether a paper document or a document in electronic form.

## 1. Retention Periods.

Record Retention Period
Seven (7) years
Five (5) years
One (I) year after the former owner ceases to own a lot in the subdivision
Four (4) years after expiration or termination of the contract
Seven (7) years
Permanently

k) Other dedicatory instruments of the Association not listed in (j), above, including, without limitation, Architectural Guidelines, Rufes and Regulations and Policies	One (1) year after the date the document is rescinded or superseded by another document
1) Minutes and reports of committees	Seven (7) years
m) Insurance policies	Four (4) years after expiration or termination of the policy
n) insurance claims and related documents	Four (4) years after the claim is resolved
o) Personnel records, excluding payroll records	Permanently
p) Payrolt records	Five (5) years after the date of termination of employment
q) Reserve study	For the period of time covered by the study, plus two (2) years
r) Legal opinions issued by counsel for the Association	Permanently
s) Suit files	Seven (7) years after the date the suit is resolved

### 2. Destruction of Documents.

The documents listed in Section 1 above, will be destroyed as soon as practicable when the applicable retention period expires. Other documents of the Association not listed in Section 1 above, will be destroyed when deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors of the Association. Destruction of paper documents shall be by shredding, bagging and trash pick-up, unless another method of destroying the documents is approved by the Board of Directors of the Association. Destruction of electronic documents shall be by deletion from hard disks and reformatting of removable disks.

Provided, however, immediately upon learning of an investigation or court proceeding involving an Association matter, all documents and records (both hard copy and electronic, including e-mail) related to the investigation or proceeding must be preserved; this exception supersedes any established destruction schedule for the records in question to the contrary.

Fine and Enforcement Policy

Follows this cover page

## FINE AND ENFORCEMENT POLICY

1. <u>Background</u>. Tinsley Meadows is subject to that certain <u>Declaration of Covenants</u>, <u>Conditions and Restrictions for Tinsley Meadows</u>, recorded in the Official Public Records of Grayson County, Texas, as the same may be amended from time to time (the "**Declaration**"). In accordance with the Declaration, Tinsley Meadows Property Owners Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation (the "Association") was created to administer the terms and provisions of the Declaration. Unless the Declaration or applicable law expressly provides otherwise, the Association acts through a majority of its board of directors (the "Board"). The Association is empowered to enforce the covenants, conditions and restrictions of the Declaration, Certificate, Bylaws, and any rules and regulations promulgated by the Association pursuant to the Declaration, as adopted and amended from time to time (collectively, the "Restrictions"), including the obligation of Owners to pay assessments pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Declaration and the obligations of the Owners to compensate the Association for costs incurred by the Association for enforcing violations of the Restrictions.

The Board hereby adopts this Fine and Enforcement Policy to establish equitable policies and procedures for the levy of fines within the Association in compliance with the Chapter 209 of the Texas Property Code, titled the "Texas Residential Property Owners Protection Act," as it may be amended (the "Act"). To the extent any provision within this policy is in conflict with the Act or any other applicable law, such provision shall be modified to comply with the applicable law.

Terms used in this policy, but not defined, shall have the meaning subscribed to such term in the Restrictions.

- 2. Policy. The Association uses fines to discourage violations of the Restrictions, and to encourage compliance when a violation occurs not to punish violators or generate revenue for the Association. Although a fine may be an effective and efficient remedy for certain types of violations or violators, it is only one of several methods available to the Association for enforcing the Restrictions. The Association's use of fines does not interfere with its exercise of other rights and remedies for the same violation.
- Owner's Liability. An Owner is liable for fines levied by the Association for violations of the Restrictions
  by the Owner and the relatives, guests, employees, and agents of the Owner and residents. Regardless of
  who commits the violation, the Association may direct all communications regarding the violation to the
  Owner.
- 4. Amount. The Association may set fine amounts on a case by case basis, provided the fine is reasonable in light of the nature, frequency, and effects of the violation. The Association may establish a schedule of fines for certain types of violations. The amount and cumulative total of a fine must be reasonable in comparison to the violation, and should be uniform for similar violations of the same provision of the Restrictions. If the Association allows fines to accumulate, the Association may establish a maximum amount for a particular fine, at which point the total fine will be capped.
- 5. <u>Violation Notice</u>. Except as set forth in <u>Section 5(C)</u> below, before levying a fine, the Association will give (i) a written violation notice via certified mail to the Owner (at the Owner's last known address as shown in the Association records) (the "Violation Notice") and (ii) an opportunity to be heard, if requested by the Owner. The Association's Violation Notice will contain the following items: (1) the date the Violation Notice is prepared or mailed; (2) a description of the violation or property damage that is the basis for the Individual Assessment, suspension action, or other charge; (3) a reference to the rule

or provision that is being violated; (4) a description of the action required to cure the violation and a reasonable timeframe in which the violation is required to be cured to avoid the fine or suspension; (5) the amount of the possible fine; (6) a statement that no later than the thirtieth (30<sup>th</sup>) day after the date the notice was mailed, the Owner may request a hearing pursuant to Section 209.007 of the Texas Property Code, and further, if the hearing held pursuant to Section 209.007 of the Texas Property Code is to be held by a committee appointed by the Board, a statement notifying the Owner that he or she has the right to appeal the committee's decision to the Board by written notice to the Board; and (7) a statement that the Owner may have special rights or relief related to the enforcement action under federal law, including the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. app. section et seq), if the Owner is serving on active military duty. The Violation Notice sent out pursuant to this paragraph is further subject to the following:

- (A) <u>First Violation</u>. If the Owner has not been given notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure the same or similar violation within the preceding six (6) months, the Violation Notice will state those items set out in (1) (7) above, along with a reasonable timeframe by which the violation must be cured to avoid the fine. The Violation Notice must state that any future violation of the same rule may result in the levy of a fine. A fine pursuant to the Schedule of Fines may be levied if an Owner does not cure the violation within the timeframe set forth in the notice.
- (B) Incurable Violation/Violation of Public Health or Safety. If the violation is of an incurable nature or poses a threat to public health or safety (as exemplified in Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code), then the Violation Notice shall state those items set out in (1), (2), (3), (5), (6), and (7) above, and the Association shall have the right to exercise any enforcement remedy afforded to it under the Restrictions, including but not limited to the right to levy a fine pursuant to the Schedule of Fines.
- (C) Repeat Violation without Attempt to Cure. If the Owner has been given a Violation Notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure the same or similar violation within the preceding six (6) months but commits the violation again, then the Owner shall not be entitled to an additional Violation Notice or a hearing pursuant to Section 209.007 of the Texas Property Code, and the Association shall have the right to exercise any enforcement remedy afforded to it under the Restrictions, including but not limited to the right to levy a fine pursuant to the Schedule of Fines. After an Owner has been provided a Violation Notice as set forth herein and assessed fines in the amounts set forth in the Schedule of Fines, if the Owner has never cured the violation in response to any Violation Notices sent or any fines levied, then the Board, in its sole discretion, may determine that such a circumstance is a continuous violation which warrants a levy of a fine based upon a daily, monthly, or quarterly amount as determined by the Board.
- 6. Violation Hearing. If the Owner is entitled to an opportunity to cure the violation, then the Owner has the right to submit a written request to the Association for a hearing before the Board or a committee appointed by the Board to discuss and verify the facts and resolve the matter. To request a hearing, the Owner must submit a written request (the "Request") to the Association's manager (or the Board if there is no manager) within thirty (30) days after receiving the violation notice. The Association must then hold the hearing requested no later than thirty (30) days after the Board receives the Request. The Board must notify the Owner of the date, time, and place of the hearing at least (10) days before the date of the hearing.

The hearing will be scheduled to provide a reasonable opportunity for both the Board and the Owner to attend. The Board or the Owner may request a postponement, and if requested, a postponement shall be granted for a period of not more than ten (10) days. Additional postponements may be granted by agreement of the parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Association may exercise its other rights and remedies as set forth in Section 209.007(d) and (e) of the Texas Property Code. Any hearing before the Board will be held in a closed or executive session of the Board. At the hearing, the Board will consider the facts and circumstances surrounding the violation. The Owner shall attend the hearing in person, but may be represented by another person (i.e., attorney) during the hearing, upon advance written notice to the Board. If an Owner intends to make an audio recording of the hearing, such Owner's request for hearing shall include a statement noticing the Owner's intent to make an audio recording of the hearing. otherwise, no audio or video recording of the hearing may be made, unless otherwise approved by the Board. The minutes of the hearing must contain a statement of the results of the hearing and the fine, if any, imposed. A copy of the Violation Notice and request for hearing should be placed in the minutes of the hearing. If the Owner appears at the meeting, the notice requirements will be deemed satisfied. Unless otherwise agreed by the Board, each hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the agenda attached hereto as Exhibit A.

- 7. <u>Due Date</u>. Fine and/or damage charges are due immediately if the violation is incurable or poses a threat to public health or safety. If the violation is curable, the fine and/or damage charges are due immediately after the later of: (1) the date that the cure period set out in the first Violation Notice ends and the Owner does not attempt to cure the violation or the attempted cure is unacceptable to Association, or (2) if a hearing is requested by the Owner, such fines or damage charges will be due immediately after the Board's final decision on the matter, assuming that a fine or damage charge of some amount is confirmed by the Board at such hearing.
- 8. <u>Lien Created.</u> The payment of each fine and/or damage charge levied by the Board against the Owner of a Lot is, together with interest as provided in <u>Section 4.11</u> of the Declaration and all costs of collection, including attorney's fees as herein provided, secured by the lien granted to the Association pursuant to <u>Section 4.13</u> of the Declaration. The fine and/or damage charge will be considered an assessment for the purpose of this Article and will be enforced in accordance with the terms and provisions governing the enforcement of assessments pursuant to <u>Article IV</u> of the Declaration.
- Levy of Fine. Any fine levied shall be reflected on the Owner's periodic statements of account or delinquency notices.
- Foreclosure. The Association may not foreclose its assessment lien on a debt consisting solely of fines.
- 11. <u>Amendment of Policy</u>. This policy may be revoked or amended from time to time by the Board. This policy will remain effective until the Association records an amendment to this policy in the county's official public records.

#### <u>Schedule of Fines</u>

The Board has adopted the following general schedule of fines. The number of notices set forth below does not mean that the Board is required to provide each notice prior to exercising additional remedies as set forth in the Restrictions. The Board may elect to pursue such additional remedies at any time in accordance with applicable law. The Board also reserves the right to set fine amounts on a case by case basis, provided the fine is reasonable in light of the nature, frequency, and effect of the violation:

## FINES:

1st notice - courtesy warning

2nd notice - Final Warning - 209 notice certified

3rd notice - \$25.00 Fine

4th notice - \$50.00 Fine

5th notice - \$75.00 Fine

Each subsequent notice - \$100.00 Fine

‡ The Board reserves the right to adjust these fine amounts based on the severity and/or frequency of the violation

#### **EXHIBIT A**

#### HEARING BEFORE THE BOARD

Note: An individual will act as the presiding hearing officer. The hearing officer will provide introductory remarks and administer the hearing agenda.

#### I. Introduction:

Hearing Officer.

The Board has convened for the purpose of providing [Owner] an opportunity to be heard regarding a notice of violation of the Restrictions sent by the Association.

The hearing is being conducted as required by Section 209.007(a) of the Texas Property Code, and is an opportunity for [Owner] to discuss, verify facts, and attempt to resolve the matter at issue. The Board may be able to resolve the dispute at the hearing or the Board may elect to take the matter under advisement and conclude the hearing. If the matter is taken under advisement, a final decision will be communicated in writing within fifteen (15) days.

#### II. Presentation of Facts:

Hearing Officer.

This portion of the hearing is to permit a representative of the Association the opportunity to describe the violation and to present photographs or other material relevant to the violation, fines or penalties. After the Association's representative has finished his presentation, the Owner or its representative will be given the opportunity to present photographs or other material relevant to the violation, fines or penalties. The Board may ask questions during either party's presentation. It is requested that questions by the [Owner] be held until completion of the presentation by the Association's representative.

#### [Presentations]

#### III. Discussion:

Hearing Officer.

This portion of the hearing is to permit the Board and [Owner] to discuss factual disputes relevant to the violation. Discussion regarding any fine or penalty is also appropriate. Discussion should be productive and designed to seek, if possible, a mutually agreed upon resolution of the dispute. The Hearing Officer retains the right to conclude this portion of the hearing at any time.

#### IV. Resolution:

Hearing Officer.

This portion of the hearing is to permit discussion between the Board and [Owner] regarding the final terms of a mutually agreed upon resolution if such resolution was agreed upon during the discussion phase of the hearing. If no mutually agreed upon resolution was reached, the Hearing Officer may: (i)

request that the Board enter into executive session to discuss the matter; (ii) request that the Board take the matter under advisement and adjourn the hearing; or (iii) adjourn the hearing.

Assessment Collection Policy

Follows this cover page

#### ASSESSMENT COLLECTION POLICY

Tinsley Meadows is subject to that certain <u>Declaration of Covenants. Conditions and Restrictions for Tinsley Meadows</u>, recorded in the Official Public Records of Grayson County, Texas, as the same may be amended from time to time (the "Declaration"). In accordance with the Declaration, Tinsley Meadows Property Owners Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation (the "Association") was created to administer the terms and provisions of the Declaration. Unless the Declaration or applicable law expressly provides otherwise, the Association acts through a majority of its board of directors (the "Board"). The Association is empowered to enforce the covenants, conditions and restrictions of the Declaration, Certificate, Bylaws, and any rules and regulations promulgated by the Association pursuant to the Declaration, as adopted and amended from time to time (collectively, the "Restrictions"), including the obligation of Owners to pay assessments pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Declaration.

The Board hereby adopts this Assessment Collection Policy to establish equitable policies and procedures for the collection of Assessments levied pursuant to the Restrictions. Terms used in this policy, but not defined, shall have the meaning subscribed to such term in the Restrictions.

#### SECTION 1. DELINQUENCIES, LATE CHARGES & INTEREST

- 1-A. <u>Due Date.</u> An Owner will timely and fully pay assessments. Regular assessments are assessed monthly and are due and payable on the first calendar day of the month, or in such other manner as the Board may designate in its sole and absolute discretion.
- 1-B. <u>Delinquent.</u> Any Assessment that is not fully paid when due is delinquent if not paid within 10 day after the due date. When the account of an Owner becomes delinquent, it remains delinquent until paid in full—including collection costs, interest and late fees.
- 1-C. <u>Late Fees & Interest.</u> If the Association does not receive full payment of an Assessment by 5:00 p.m. 10 days following the due date established by the Board, the Association may levy a late fee of \$10.00 per month and/or interest at the highest rate allowed by applicable usury laws then in effect on the amount of the Assessment from the due date thereof (or if there is no such highest rate, then at the rate of 1 and 1/2% per month) (the "Designate Interest Rate") until paid in full.
- 1-D. <u>Liability for Collection Costs</u>. The defaulting Owner is liable to the Association for the cost of title reports, credit reports, certified mail, long distance calls, court costs, filing fees, and other reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred by the Association in collecting the delinquency.
- 1-E. <u>Insufficient Funds.</u> The Association may levy a charge of \$25 for any check returned to the Association marked "not sufficient funds" or the equivalent.
- 1-F. Waiver. Properly levied collection costs, late fees, and interest may only be waived by a majority of the Board.

#### SECTION 2. INSTALLMENTS & ACCELERATION

If an assessment, other than a regular assessment, is payable in installments, and if an Owner defaults in the payment of any installment, the Association may declare the entire Assessment in default and accelerate the due date on all remaining installments of the Assessment. An assessment, other than a regular assessment, payable in installments may be accelerated only after the Association gives the Owner at least fifteen (15) days prior notice of the default and the Association's intent to accelerate the unpaid balance if the default is not timely cured. Following acceleration of the indebtedness, the Association has no duty to reinstate the installment program upon partial payment by the Owner.

#### SECTION 3. PAYMENTS

3-A. <u>Application of Payments</u>. After the Association notifies the Owner of a delinquency and the Owner's liability for late fees or interest, and collection costs, any payment received by the Association shall be applied in the following order, starting with the oldest charge in each category, until that category is fully paid, regardless of the amount of payment, notations on checks, and the date the obligations arose:

(1) Delinquent assessments	(4) Other attorney's fees
(2) Current assessments	(5) Fines
(3) Attorney fees and costs associated with delinquent assessments	(6) Any other amount

- 3-B. Payment Plans. The Association shall offer a payment plan to a delinquent Owner as set forth in Section 4.12 of the Declaration. The Association is not required to make a payment plan available to a Member after the Delinquency Cure Period allowed under Paragraph 5-B expires. If an Owner is in default at the time the Owner submits a payment, the Association is not required to follow the application of payments schedule set forth in Paragraph 3-A.
- 3-C. Form of Payment. The Association may require that payment of delinquent Assessments be made only in the form of cash, cashier's check, or certified funds.
- 3-D. Partial and Conditioned Payment. The Association may refuse to accept partial payment (i.e., less than the full amount due and payable) and payments to which the payer attaches conditions or directions contrary to the Board's policy for applying payments. The Association's endorsement and deposit of a payment does not constitute acceptance. Instead, acceptance by the Association occurs when the Association posts the payment to the Owner's account, If the Association does not accept the payment at that time, it will promptly refund the payment to the payer. A payment that is not refunded to the payer within thirty (30) days after being deposited by the Association may be deemed accepted as to payment, but not as to words of limitation or instruction accompanying the payment. The acceptance by the Association of partial payment of delinquent Assessments does not waive the Association's right to pursue or to continue pursuing its remedies for payment in full of all outstanding obligations.
- 3-E. <u>Notice of Payment.</u> If the Association receives full payment of the delinquency after Recording a notice of lien, the Association will cause a release of notice of lien to be publicly Recorded, a copy of which will be sent to the Owner. The Association may require the Owner to prepay the cost of preparing and Recording the release.
- 3-F. <u>Correction of Credit Report</u>. If the Association receives full payment of the delinquency after reporting the defaulting Owner to a credit reporting service, the Association will report receipt of payment to the credit reporting service.

## SECTION 4. LIABILITY FOR COLLECTION COSTS

4-A. <u>Collection Costs.</u> The defaulting Owner may be liable to the Association for the cost of title reports, credit reports, certified mail, long distance calls, filing fees, and other reasonable costs and attorney's fees incurred in the collection of the delinquency.

#### SECTION 5. COLLECTION PROCEDURES

- 5-A. <u>Delegation of Collection Procedures</u>. From time to time, the Association may delegate some or all of the collection procedures, as the Board in its sole discretion deems appropriate, to the Association's manager, an attorney, or a debt collector.
- 5-B. Delinquency Notices. If the Association has not received full payment of an assessment 10 days following the due date, the Association may send written notice of nonpayment to the defaulting Owner, by certified mail, stating: (a) the amount delinquent and the total amount of the payment required to make the account current, (b) the options the Owner has to avoid having the account turned over to a collection agent, as such term is defined in Texas Property Code Section 209.0064, including information regarding availability of a payment plan through the Association, and (c) that the Owner has thirty (30) days for the Owner to cure the delinquency before further collection action is taken (the "Delinquency Cure Period"). The Association's delinquency-related correspondence may state that if full payment is not timely received, the Association may pursue any or all of the Association's remedies, at the sole cost and expense of the defaulting Owner.
- 5-C. <u>Verification of Owner Information</u>. The Association may obtain a title report to determine the names of the Owners and the identity of other lien-holders, including the mortgage company.
- 5-D. Collection Agency. The Board may employ or assign the debt to one or more collection agencies.
- 5-E. <u>Notification of Mortgage Lender</u>. The Association may notify the mortgage lender of the default obligations.
- 5-F. <u>Notification of Credit Bureau</u>. The Association may report the defaulting Owner to one or more credit reporting services.
- 5-G. Collection by Attorney. If the Owner's account remains delinquent for a period of ninety (90) days, the manager of the Association or the Board of the Association may refer the delinquent account to the Association's attorney for collection. In the event an account is referred to the Association's attorney, the Owner will be liable to the Association for its legal fees and expenses. Upon referral of a delinquent account to the Association's attorney, the Association's attorney will provide the following notices and take the following actions unless otherwise directed by the Board:
  - (1) <u>Initial Notice</u>: Preparation of the Initial Notice of Demand for Payment Letter. If the account is not paid in full within 30 days (unless such notice has previously been provided by the Association), then
  - (2) <u>Lien Notice</u>: Preparation of the Lien Notice and Demand for Payment Letter and Recordation of a Notice of Unpaid Assessment Lien. If the account is not paid in full within 30 days, then
  - (3) <u>Final Notice</u>: Preparation of the Final Notice of Demand for Payment Letter and Intent to Foreclose and Notice of Intent to Foreclose to Lender. If the account is not paid in full within 30 days, then

- (4) <u>Foreclosure of Lien</u>: Only upon specific approval by a majority of the Board.
- 5-H. Notice of Lien. The Association's attorney may cause a notice of the Association's assessment lien against the Owner's home to be publicly Recorded. In that event, a copy of the notice will be sent to the defaulting Owner, and may also be sent to the Owner's mortgagee.
- 5-I. Cancellation of Debt. If the Board deems the debt to be uncollectible, the Board may elect to cancel the debt on the books of the Association, in which case the Association may report the full amount of the forgiven indebtedness to the Internal Revenue Service as income to the defaulting Owner.
- 5-J. Suspension of Use of Certain Facilities or Services. The Board may suspend the use of the Common Area amenities by an Owner, or his tenant, whose account with the Association is delinquent for at least thirty (30) days.

#### SECTION 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 6-A. <u>Independent Judgment.</u> Notwithstanding the contents of this detailed policy, the officers, directors, manager, and attorney of the Association may exercise their independent, collective, and respective judgment in applying this policy.
- 6-B. Other Rights. This policy is in addition to and does not detract from the rights of the Association to collect assessments under the Restrictions and the laws of the State of Texas.
- 6-C. <u>Limitations of Interest</u>. The Association, and its officers, directors, managers, and attorneys, intend to conform strictly to the applicable usury laws of the State of Texas. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Restrictions or any other document or agreement executed or made in connection with this policy, the Association will not in any event be entitled to receive or collect, as interest, a sum greater than the maximum amount permitted by applicable law. If from any circumstances whatsoever, the Association ever receives, collects, or applies as interest a sum in excess of the maximum rate permitted by law, the excess amount will be applied to the reduction of unpaid Assessments, or reimbursed to the Owner if those Assessments are paid in full.
- 6-D. Notices. Unless the Restrictions, applicable law, or this policy provide otherwise, any notice or other written communication given to an Owner pursuant to this policy will be deemed delivered to the Owner upon depositing same with the U.S. Postal Service, addressed to the Owner at the most recent address shown on the Association's records, or on personal delivery to the Owner. If the Association's records show that an Owner's property is owned by two (2) or more persons, notice to one co-Owner is deemed notice to all co-Owners. Similarly, notice to one resident is deemed notice to all residents. Written communications to the Association, pursuant to this policy, will be deemed given on actual receipt by the Association's president, secretary, managing agent, or attorney.
- 6-E. Amendment of Policy. This policy may be amended from time to time by the Board.

Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy

Follows this cover page

## **BOARD MEETING AND MEMBER MEETING RECORDING POLICY**

1. Background. Tinsley Meadows is subject to that certain <u>Declaration of Covenants</u>, <u>Conditions and Restrictions for Tinsley Meadows</u>, recorded in the Official Public Records of Grayson County, Texas, as the same may be amended from time to time (the "Declaration"). In accordance with the Declaration, Tinsley Meadows Property Owners Association, Inc., a Texas non-profit corporation (the "Association") was created to administer the terms and provisions of the Declaration. Unless the Declaration or applicable law expressly provides otherwise, the Association acts through a majority of its board of directors (the "Board"). The Board desires to implement rules regarding video, audio and other recordings at Board meetings and Member meetings.

The Board hereby adopts this Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy to implement equitable policies, procedures and rules regarding video, audio and other recordings at board and member meetings in compliance with the Chapter 209 of the Texas Property Code, titled the "Texas Residential Property Owners Protection Act," as it may be amended (the "Act"). To the extent any provision within this policy is in conflict with the Act or any other applicable law, such provision shall be modified to comply with the applicable law.

Terms used in this policy, but not defined, shall have the meaning subscribed to such term in the Declaration.

- 2. Policy. An application must be submitted for review by the Board, and formal written approval from the Board shall be required before any video, audio or other recording may take place by a Member at any meetings of the Members or Board.
  - (a) In each instance where a Member desires to record a meeting of the Members or Board through visual, audio or other means, the Member must first submit a request for approval to the Board at least seven (7) days prior to such meeting by email or regular mail to the Association's management company. This request must provide:
    - i. The date, time and place of the subject meeting to be recorded.
    - ii. The reason for the recording, and
    - iii. The type of recording device to be used.
  - (b) The Board shall have the sole and absolute discretion in deciding whether to approve or deny a recording request.
  - (c) In the event the request is approved by the Board, only one (1) recording device may be used and the Board will indicate where the recording device may be placed.
  - (d) A copy of any recording taken by a Member must be provided to the Board within fourteen (14) days after the date of such recording by Universal Serial Bus ("USB") flash drive, CD, or other means approved by the Board.
  - (e) Any recording taken by a Member cannot be posted on any website, social media site and/or software (including, but not limited to, phone applications), or other webpage or digital platform.
  - (f) Any recording taken by a Member will not be accepted as nor considered an official recording of the Association.

- (g) Failure of any Member to comply with this Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy shall constitute an uncurable violation of this Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy and subject the Member to fines in accordance with the Association's Fine and Enforcement Policy.
- (h) In addition to the authority to impose fines for violations of this Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy, the Association shall have all rights and remedies provided for in the Declaration, Bylaws and/or rules and regulations of the Association or which may be available at law or in equity, including the right to file suit against any Member who has violated any term of this Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy.
- (i) Any claims or allegations made by a Member or person against another Member or person regarding privacy or other disputes in connection with the use of recording devices under this Board Meeting and Member Meeting Recording Policy are and shall be dealt with and resolved between and amongst the Members or persons in question. Neither the Association, its directors, officers, managers, agents, or employees shall in any way be liable, responsible or involved in such disputes.